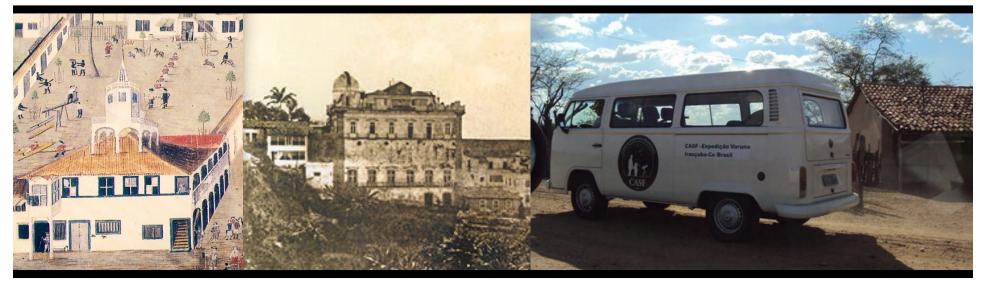
Occultation Astronomy in Brazil: History and Current State





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Part I

- Brief history of occultation astronomy in Brazil: missing (and found) observations;
- Brazilian observations in IOTA's archive: statistics.

· Part II

- Current state.

- Part I -

• First occultation in IOTA's archive: 1954.

- Missing observations:
 - George Marcgrave;
 - Louis Cruls;
 - José Brazilício de Souza;
 - First half of the 20th Century.

George Marcgrave's occultations

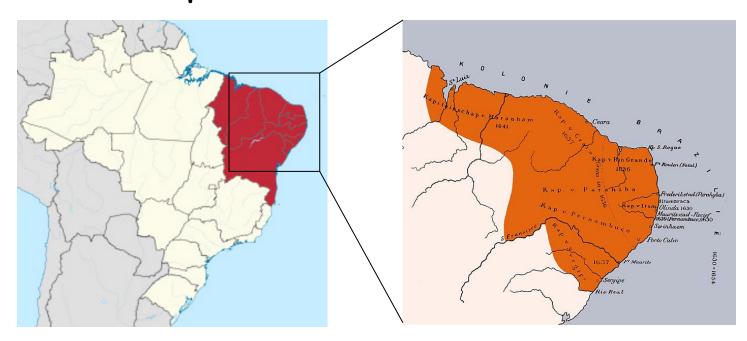


Historia Naturalis Brasiliae, 1st edition, 1648.

Willem Piso and Georg Marcgrave – naturalists.

Dutch Brazil

- Portuguese arrived in Brazil in 1500
- Other European countries occupied parts of Brazil
- Dutch occupation in Nordeste: 1630 1654

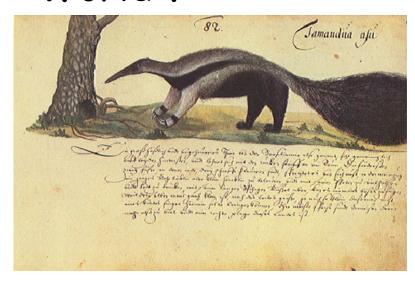


Dutch governor for Brazil: John Maurice of Nassau



1604-1679

- Nassau was enthusiastic about science.
- Artists and scientists were brought to Brazil during his government in order to better study and represent the "New World".



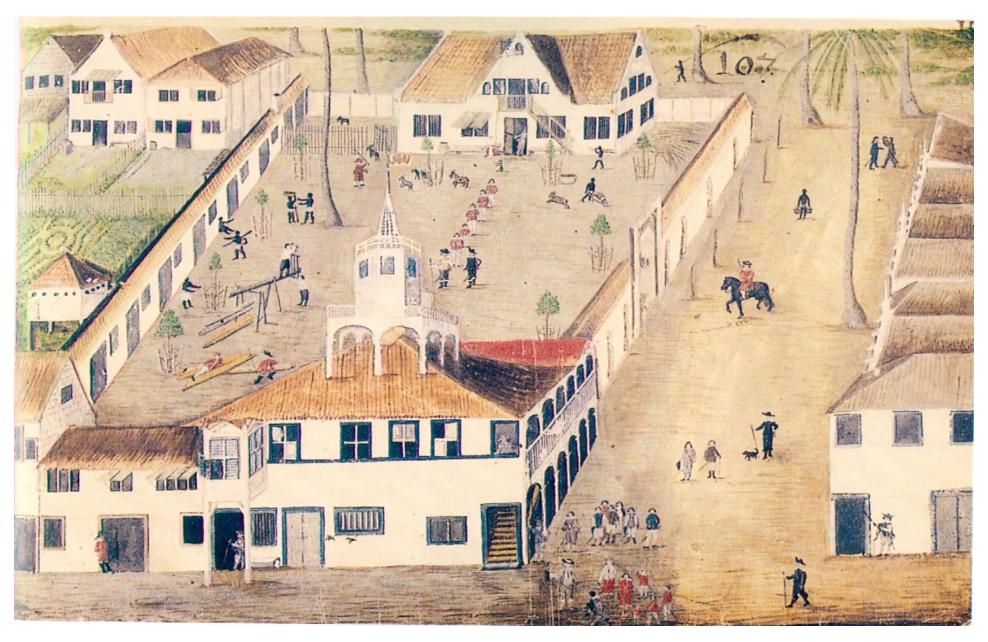


Zacharias Wagner, 1641

Frans Post

George Marcgrave

- · 1610, Liebstadt, Germany 1644, Angola.
- In 1636 moves to Leiden, Netherlands.
- Leiden University was the first one in Europe to have an astronomical Observatory.
- In 1638 came to Brazil.
- In 1639 built an observatory at Nassau's house. This was the first observatory of the Americas and the most modern at the time*.



Der Hof Sein Excellenz – Zacharias Wagner (~1640)



- From this observatory Marcgrave observed lunar occultations of planets (for example: Mercury, 1639).
- In Leiden he also recorded lunar occultations (including stellar occ.).
- One of the first recordings in the period "after-Bullialdus".

Louis Cruls' occultations



Louis Cruls, 1848, Belgium – 1908, France

 Imperial Observatory founded in 1827 by Dom Pedro I.



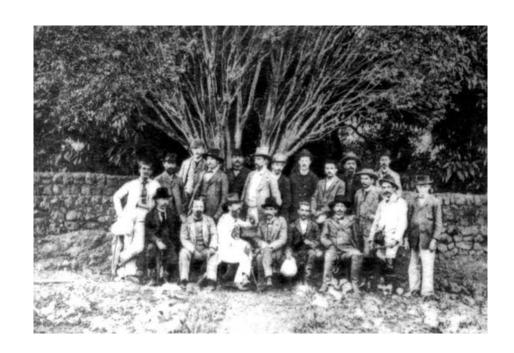
• In 1874 Louis Cruls started to work here.

 1886 and 1886: Cruls published a series of articles on "Revista do Observatório" on a new method to calculate the times of an occultation. He made some predictions, but the observations didn't happen due to bad weather.

 1899: he published a Portuguese-French booklet* on the method, but there's no observational report.

^{*[}Cruls, 1899]

Cruls has also joined (and coordinated)
 expeditions to Central Brazil and reported
 using occultations to determine position*.
 These observations are also missing.



More occultations at National Observatory



Observatório Nacional, 1921.

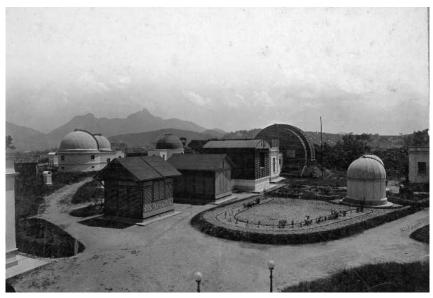




Figura 3 – Pavilhão da Luneta Equatorial de 32 cm após sua construção, 1920 (MAST, Arquivo Iconográfico, autor desconhecido).



Figura 11b – Luneta equatorial após a restauração (MAST, Arquivo Iconográfico, fotos Durval C. Reis).

- In 1928 the National Observatory started to the use 32-cm refractor telescope.
- It may have been used at that time to observe lunar occultations in order to study Earth's rotation*; but we have no report of these observations.

^{*[}Granato, Brito and Suzuki, 2005]

Brazilício's occultations



José Brazilício de Souza (1854-1910)

- · Avid "astronomer in the free time".
- Made observations of eclipses, variable and double stars, comets, planets, asteroids, meteors, conjunctions, sunspots, occultations...
- First (known) reports of stellar occultations in Brazil!
- Among his writings there are references of 4 planetary and 6 stellar occ., between 1883 and 1898*.
- Unfortunately there are huge uncertainties in his timings.

^{*[}Amorim]

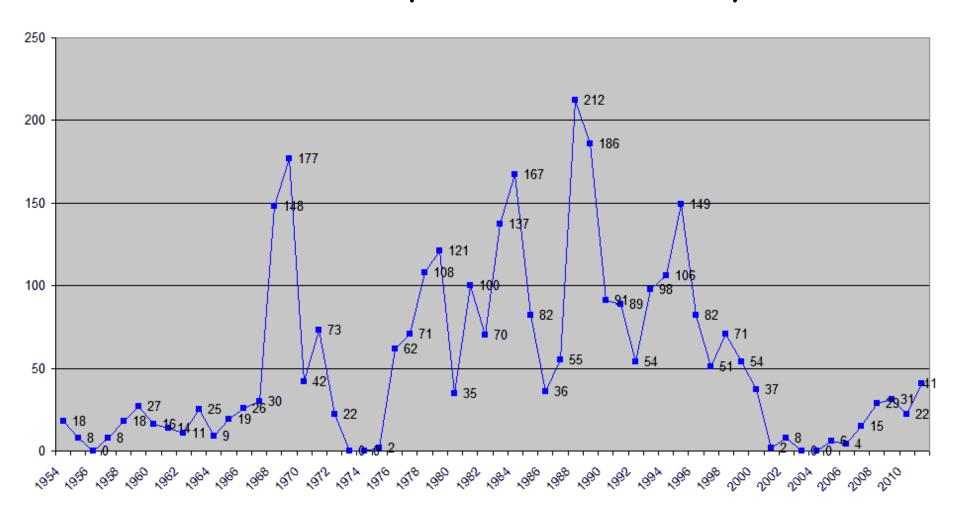
Brazilian observations in IOTA's archive: statistics

 First observation made in Brazil, according to IOTA's archive: 1954 (18 events observed from Rio de Janeiro).

• First asteroid occultation: 1982.

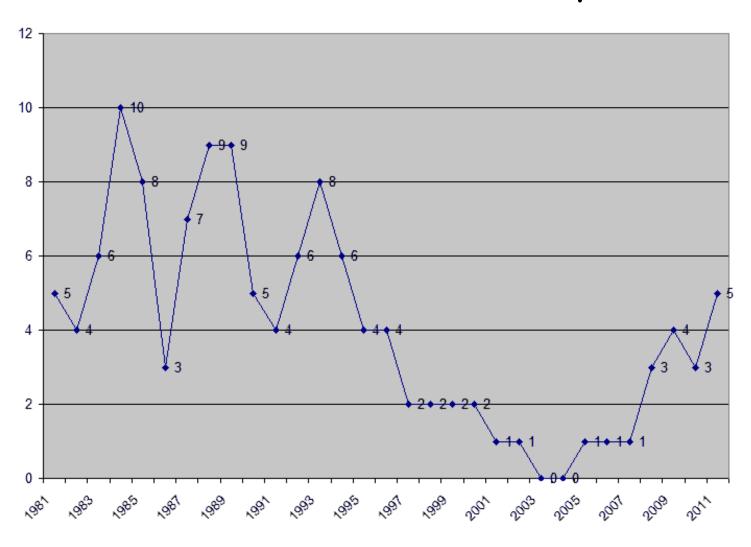
Rising number of observers and recorded events.

Number of reported events vs. year

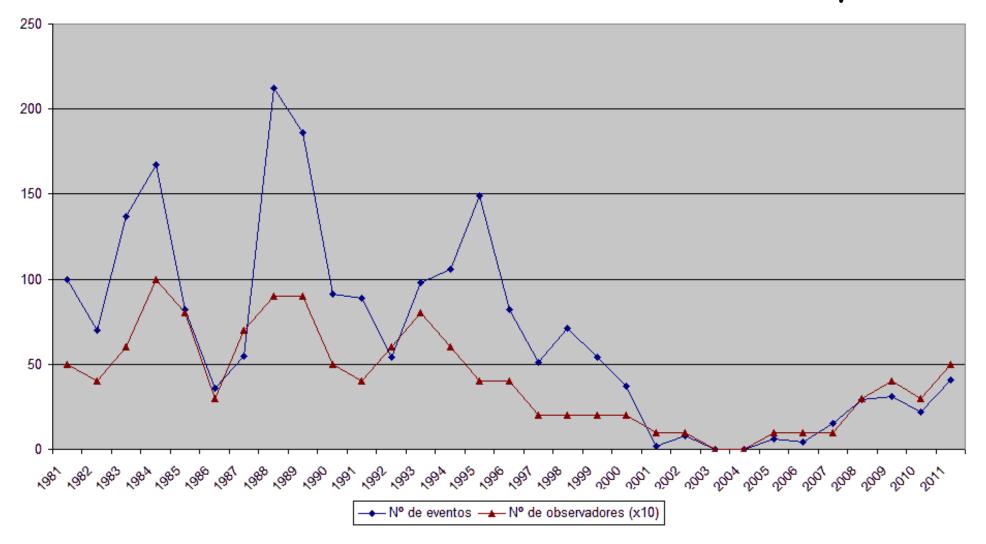


Total number of events (1954-2011): 3,175.

Number of observers vs. year



Number of observers(×10) and events vs. year

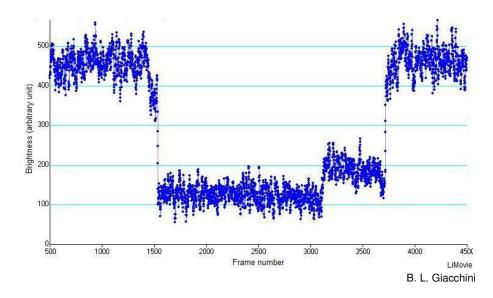


- Part II -

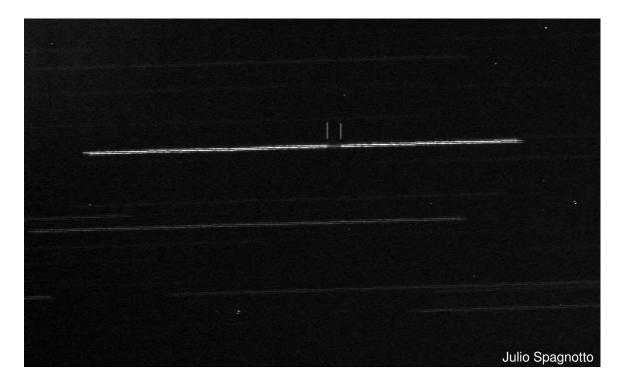
Current state

This year's activities

- More than 43 lunar occ. events observed, by 6 observers.
- 2 positive asteroid occultations [and 1 miss]:
 - (52) Europa (double star discovery) Giacchini



- (38) Leda (miss) Giacchini.
- (72) Feronia (two chords, Brazil and Argentina) Felipe Braga Ribas, Frédéric Vachier and Julio
 Spagnotto.





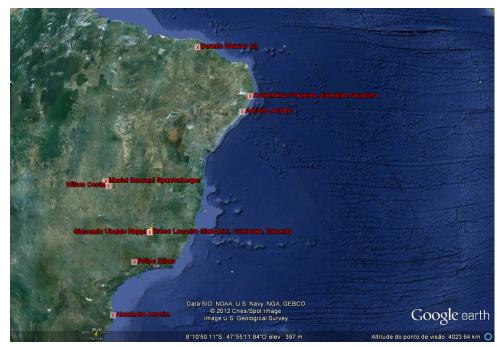
REA's Occultation Section

- Created in 2009. Objectives:
- To inform people about occultations and their importance;
- To stimulate the observation and recording of occultations;
- To stimulate the contact between the Brazilian observers, and also with other observers in South America and around the world;
- To collect Brazilian reports of occultation observations;
- To establish a dialog with the observers to correct any problems that may eventually occur in the reports and ensure they are suitable to IOTA's standards;
- To forward the reports to IOTA;...

Current state

- Historic research in progress;
- Creation of a network of observers

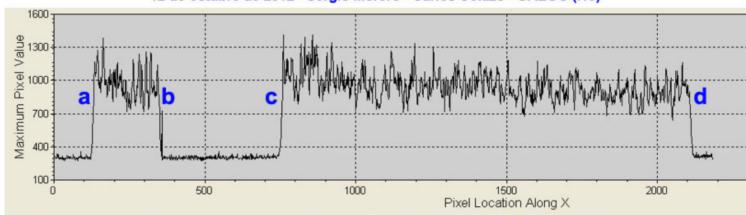
- Varuna occultation, Feb. 2010: more than 26 observers.





- Increasing international collaboration;
 - U.S.A.;
 - France;
 - Argentina...

Ocultación de la estrella TYC 0709-00538-1 por el asteroide (891) Gunhild 12 de octubre de 2012 - Sergio Morero - Carlos Colazo - OAEGG (I19)



- a Inicio de la captura
- b Inicio de la ocultación
- c Final de la ocultación
- d Final de la captura

Tiempo de inicio de la ocultación: 07:33:08,5 (TU)

Tiempo de finalización de la ocultación: 07:33:18,8 (TU)

Duración de la ocultación: 10,3 segundos

Longitud W: 64 35 34,41 Latitud S: 31 21 24,58 Altura: 862 m (s.n.m.)

- Rising number of observed events, observers and interested people;
- Increasing accuracy of the recordings;
- Increasing number of papers, presentations, discoveries, etc, on the subject.

TNO Occultations

- Research group at Observatório Nacional and Observatório do Valongo - "Rio Team".
- Prediction, observation, reduction.
- Partnership with Observatoire de Paris-Meudon.



SEÇÃO DE OCULTAÇÕES

www.rea-brasil.org/ocultacoes

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Obrigado!

Thank you!

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